

St Ailbe's NS Emly

# **Anti-Bullying Policy**

1. In accordance with the requirements of the Education (Welfare) Act 2000 and the code of behaviour guidelines issued by the NEWB, the Board of Management of St. Ailbe's N.S. has **adopted the following anti-bullying policy** within the framework of the school's overall code of behaviour. This policy fully complies with the requirements of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools which were published in September 2013.

2. The Board of Management recognises the very serious nature of bullying and the negative impact that it can have on the lives of pupils and is therefore fully committed to the following **key principles of best practice** in preventing and tackling bullying behaviour:

#### (a) A positive school culture and climate which

- is welcoming of difference and diversity and is based on inclusivity;
- encourages pupils to disclose and discuss incidents of bullying behaviour in a non-threatening environment; and
- promotes respectful relationships across the school community;

#### <u>At St Ailbe's N.S. we consider the following to be key elements of a Positive</u> <u>School Culture</u>.

- We acknowledge the right of each member of the school community to enjoy school in a safe and happy environment
- We acknowledge the uniqueness of each individual and their worth as a human being
- We promote positive behaviours of self -respect, self -control and responsibility for behaviour among all its members.
- We have a clear commitment to promoting equity in general and gender equity in particular in all aspects of its functioning
- We have the capacity to change in response to its pupils' needs

- We identify aspects of the curriculum through which positive and sustainable influences can be exerted towards forming pupils' attitudes and values
- We take particular care of vulnerable pupils and uses its systems to identify needs and facilitate early intervention where necessary- thus responding to the needs, fears and anxieties of individual members in a sensitive manner.
- St. Ailbe's Staff and Board of Management recognises the need to work in partnership with and keep parents informed on procedures to maintain relationships within the school community.
- We recognise the right of parents to share in the task of equipping pupils with a range of skills.
- We recognise the role of other community agencies (HSE, CALMHS, Gardai, Tusla NEPS) in preventing and dealing with bullying
- We promote habits of mutual respect, courtesy and an awareness of the interdependence of people in groups and communities
- We promote qualities of social responsibility, tolerance and understanding among its members both in school and outside of school
- Staff members share a collegiate responsibility, under the direction of the Principal, to act in preventing bullying/aggressive behaviour by any member of the school community.

# (b) Effective leadership

The BOM has overall responsibility to ensure that this policy is effective, sustainable and measured.

The BOM must ensure that accountability is of the highest standard

ISM team (Michelle O'Brien, Paula Hartigan, Paddy O'Shea, Helen Kennedy, Emma Kelly) have a clear role in a leadership capacity within the school community, stimulating a whole school approach to preventing and tackling bullying and modelling best practise.

The Principal of St Ailbe's as key leader strongly influences attitudes and sets standards in relation to dealing with bullying.

Teachers must act as good role models and not misuse authority, but be fair, clear and consistent in their disciplinary measures.

# (c) A school-wide approach

A whole school approach to bullying is required and St Ailbe's School community comprises of management, teachers, non- teaching staff, pupils, parents/guardians

Beyond the school community, bullying behaviour may extend to outside of the school. Where this negativity impacts on a school – parents and pupils have a responsibility to support the school in helping to address the issue. This applies to cyber bulling (but not exclusively)

The assistance of Gardai, Tusla, and Community Workers may be required in some cases.

Collective vigilance is needed throughout the whole school community to identify and deal with issues around bullying in a fair and considerate manner

# (d) A shared understanding of what bullying is and its impact

St Ailbe's N.S. endeavours to put in place appropriate systems to ensure that all members of the school community have a shared understanding of what constitutes bullying behaviour as defined in this policy (Section 2 and 3 of Anti Bullying Procedures for primary and post primary schools,)

# (e) Implementation of education and prevention strategies (including awareness raising measures) that-

- build empathy, respect and resilience in pupils; and
- explicitly address the issues of cyber-bullying and identity-based bullying including in particular, homophobic and transphobic bullying;
- effective supervision and monitoring of pupils;

# (f) Effective supervision and monitoring of pupils

Staff members have a distinct responsibility to ensure that supervision of pupils in class is effective and consistent

Supervision in playground areas must be managed and conducted effectively.

# (g) Supports for staff

Regular discussion and review of policy and procedures is essential to support staff on a continuous basis.

All staff must have a uniform interpretation of what is expected in relation to bullying, how to identify possible bullying behaviours, how to manage disclosures and how to deal effectively with incidents of bullying within the classroom context.

Staff must be aware that supporting one another is a key aspect of prevention and new / inexperienced members of staff must be given every opportunity to discuss concerns and model best practice.

CPD in relation to Anti Bullying Strategies will be supported and encouraged for all members of staff.

(h) Consistent recording, investigation and follow up of bullying behaviour (including use of established intervention strategies); and

(i) On-going evaluation of the effectiveness of the anti-bullying policy.

3. In accordance with the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools bullying is defined as follows:

Bullying is unwanted negative behaviour, verbal, psychological or physical conducted, by an individual or group against another person (or persons) and which is repeated over time.

The following types of bullying behaviour are included in the definition of bullying:

- deliberate exclusion, malicious gossip and other forms of relational bullying,
- cyber-bullying
- identity-based bullying such as homophobic bullying, racist bullying, bullying based on a person's membership of the Traveller community and bullying of those with disabilities or special educational needs.

Isolated or once-off incidents of intentional negative behaviour, including a once-off offensive or hurtful text message or other **private messaging**, **do not fall** within the definition of bullying and should be dealt with, as appropriate, in accordance with the school's code of behaviour.

However, in the context of this policy, placing a once-off offensive or hurtful <u>public</u> <u>message</u>, image or statement on a social network site or other public forum where that message, image or statement can be viewed and/or repeated by other people <u>will be</u> <u>regarded as bullying behaviour</u>.

Negative behaviour that does not meet this definition of bullying will be dealt with in accordance with the school's code of behaviour.

Additional information on different types of bullying is set out in Section 2 of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools.

Impact and Indicators of Bullying Behaviours – see page 11 of Procedures

General behaviours which apply to all types of bullying	<ul> <li>Harassment based on any of the nine grounds in the equality legislation e.g. sexual harassment, homophobic bullying, racist bullying etc.</li> <li>Physical aggression</li> <li>Damage to property</li> <li>Name calling</li> <li>Slagging</li> </ul>
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#### Bullying Behaviours which St Ailbe's N.S. has identified as relevant to our context.

	• The production, display or circulation of written words,	
	<ul> <li>The production, display of circulation of written words, pictures or other materials aimed at intimidating another person</li> <li>Offensive graffiti</li> <li>Extortion</li> <li>Intimidation</li> <li>Insulting or offensive gestures</li> <li>The "look"</li> <li>Invasion of personal space</li> <li>A combination of any of the types listed.</li> </ul>	
Cyber	<ul> <li>Denigration: Spreading rumors, lies or gossip to hurt a person's reputation</li> <li>Harassment: Continually sending vicious, mean or</li> </ul>	
<u>a) It is illegal for</u> any child under 13	<ul> <li>disturbing messages to an individual</li> <li>Impersonation: Posting offensive or aggressive messages under another person's name</li> </ul>	
<u>to be registered on</u> <u>Facebook.</u>	<ul> <li>Trickery: Fooling someone into sharing personal information which you then post online</li> </ul>	
b) We have a policy stating that children are not allowed to have mobile phones, their own iPads etc. in school	<ul> <li>Exclusion: Purposefully excluding someone from an online group</li> <li>Silent telephone/mobile phone call</li> <li>Abusive telephone/mobile phone calls</li> <li>Abusive email</li> <li>Abusive communication on social networks e.g. Facebook/Ask.fm/ Twitter/You Tube or on games consoles</li> <li>Abusive website comments/Blogs/Pictures</li> <li>Abusive posts on any form of communication technology</li> </ul>	
<b>Identity Based Behaviours</b> <b>Including any of the nine discriminatory grounds mentioned in Equality Legislation</b> (gender including transgender, civil status, family status, sexual orientation, religion, age, disability, race and membership of the Traveller community).		
Homophobic and Transgender	<ul> <li>Spreading rumours about a person's sexual orientation</li> <li>Taunting a person of a different sexual orientation</li> <li>Name calling e.g. Gay, queer, lesbianused in a derogatory manner</li> <li>Physical intimidation or attacks.</li> <li>Threats.</li> </ul>	
Race, nationality, ethnic background and membership of the Traveller community	<ul> <li>Discrimination, prejudice, comments or insults about colour, nationality, culture, social class, religious beliefs, ethnic or traveller background</li> <li>Exclusion on the basis of any of the above</li> </ul>	
Relational	<ul> <li>This involves manipulating relationships as a means of bullying.</li> <li>Behaviours include: <ul> <li>Malicious gossip</li> <li>Isolation &amp; exclusion</li> <li>Ignoring</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	

	<ul> <li>Excluding from the group</li> <li>Taking someone's friends away</li> <li>"Bitching"</li> <li>Spreading rumours</li> <li>Breaking confidence</li> <li>Talking loud enough so that the victim can hear</li> <li>The "look"</li> <li>Use or terminology such as 'nerd' in a derogatory way</li> </ul>
Sexual	<ul> <li>Unwelcome or inappropriate sexual comments or touching</li> </ul>
Special Educational Needs, Disability	<ul> <li>Name calling</li> <li>Taunting others because of their disability or learning needs</li> <li>Taking advantage of some pupils' vulnerabilities and limited capacity to recognise and defend themselves against bullying</li> <li>Taking advantage of some pupils' vulnerabilities and limited capacity to understand social situations and social cues.</li> <li>Mimicking a person's disability</li> <li>Setting others up for ridicule</li> </ul>
Bullying by Adults	<ul> <li>Inter Staff Bullying</li> <li>Teacher – Child Bullying</li> <li>Parent – Teacher Bullying</li> <li>Parent/Visitor to the school – Child Bullying</li> <li>Principal/Parent – Child Bullying</li> </ul>

4. All teachers to investigate and deal with bullying. (see Section 6.8 of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools):

Refer to section 6.8.3. and 6.8.4 in the Procedures.

The Relevant Teachers in this school are:

Primary School	
Principal	
Deputy Principal	
All teachers	
All S.N.A.s	

5. The education and prevention strategies (including strategies specifically aimed at cyber-

bullying, homophobic and transphobic bullying) that will be used by the school are as follows (see Section 6.5 of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools):

Education and prevention strategies

#### School-wide approach

- A school-wide approach to the fostering of respect for all members of the school community.
- The promotion of the value of diversity to address issues of prejudice and stereotyping, and highlight the unacceptability of bullying behaviour.
- The fostering and enhancing of the self-esteem of all our pupils through both curricular and extracurricular activities. Pupils will be provided with opportunities to develop a positive sense of self-worth through formal and informal interactions.
- Whole staff professional development on bullying to ensure that all staff develops an awareness of what bullying is, how it impacts on pupils' lives and the need to respond to it-prevention and intervention.
- Professional development with specific focus on the training of the teacher(s)
- School wide awareness raising and training on all aspects of bullying, to include pupils, parent(s)/guardian(s) and the wider school community.
- Supervision and monitoring of classrooms, corridors, school grounds, school tours and extra- curricular activities. Non-teaching and ancillary staff will be encouraged to be vigilant and report issues to relevant teachers. Supervision will also apply to monitoring student use of communication technology within the school.
- The school's anti-bullying policy is discussed with pupils and all parent(s)/guardian(s)s have access to it on website. A copy of the Anti-Bullying Policy is available to any parent/guardian on request from the office. It is also printed in the enrolment booklet given to each parent as they enrol in the school.
- Encourage a culture of telling, with particular emphasis on the importance of bystanders. In that way pupils will gain confidence in 'telling'. This confidence factor is of vital importance. It should be made clear to all pupils that when they report incidents of bullying they are not considered to be telling tales but are behaving responsibly.
- Ensuring that pupils know who to tell and how to tell, e.g.:
  - Direct approach to teacher at an appropriate time, for example after class.
  - Get a parent(s)/guardian(s) or friend to tell on your behalf.
  - Ensure bystanders understand the importance of telling if they witness or know that bullying is taking place.
- Encourage parent(s)/guardian(s) to approach the school if they suspect that their child is being bullied. Make an appointment to see relevant teacher.
- An Acceptable Use Policy was developed in the school to include the necessary steps to ensure that the access to technology within the school is strictly monitored.

#### Implementation of curricula

- The full implementation of the SPHE curricula and the RSE and Stay Safe Programmes.
- Continuous Professional Development for staff in delivering these programmes.
- School wide delivery of lessons on bullying from evidence based programmes, e.g. Stay Safe Programme, The Walk Tall Programme. Weaving Wellbeing. Incredible Years.

- Delivery of the Garda SPHE Programmes at primary and post- primary level. These lessons, delivered by Community Gardai, cover issues around personal safety and cyber-bullying
- The school will specifically consider the additional needs of SEN pupils with regard to programme implementation and the development of skills and strategies to enable all pupils to respond appropriately.

#### Links to other policies

• List school policies, practices and activities that are particularly relevant to bullying, e.g. Code of Behaviour, Child Protections policy, Supervision of pupils, Acceptable Use policy, Attendance, Code of Discipline and Code of Behaviour. SEN policy.

6. The school's procedures for investigation, follow-up and recording of bullying behaviour and the established intervention strategies used by the school for dealing with cases of bullying behaviour are as follows (see Section 6.8 of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools):

#### 6.8.9. Procedures for Investigating and Dealing with Bullying

The primary aim in investigating and dealing with bullying is to resolve any issues and to restore, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved (rather than to apportion blame);

The school's procedures must be consistent with the following approach. Every effort will be made to ensure that all involved (including pupils, parent(s)/guardian(s)) understand this approach from the outset.

#### **Reporting bullying behaviour**

- Any pupil or parent(s)/guardian(s) may bring a bullying incident to any teacher in the school.
- All reports, including anonymous reports of bullying, will be investigated and dealt with by the relevant teacher.
- Teaching and non-teaching staff such as secretaries, special needs assistants (SNAs), caretakers, cleaners must report any incidents of bullying behaviour witnessed by them, or mentioned to them, to the relevant teacher;

#### Investigating and dealing with incidents: Style of approach (see section 6.8.9)

- In investigating and dealing with bullying, the (relevant)teacher will exercise his/her professional judgement to determine whether bullying has occurred and how best the situation might be resolved;
- Parent(s)/guardian(s) and pupils are required to co-operate with any investigation and assist the school in resolving any issues and restoring, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved as quickly as possible;
- Teachers should take a calm, unemotional problem-solving approach.
- Where possible incidents should be investigated outside the classroom situation to ensure the privacy of all involved;
- All interviews should be conducted with sensitivity and with due regard to the rights of all pupils concerned. Pupils who are not directly involved can also provide very useful information in this way;
- When analysing incidents of bullying behaviour, the relevant teacher should seek answers to questions of what, where, when, who and why. This should be done in a calm manner, setting an example in dealing effectively with a conflict in a non-aggressive manner;
- If a group is involved, each member should be interviewed individually at first. Thereafter, all those involved should be met as a group. At the group meeting, each member should be asked for his/her account of what happened to ensure that everyone in the group is clear about each other's statements;
- Each member of a group should be supported through the possible pressures that may face them from the other members of the group after the interview by the teacher;

It may also be appropriate or helpful to ask those involved to write down their account of the incident(s)

• In cases where it has been determined by the relevant teacher that bullying behaviour has occurred, the parent(s)/guardian(s) of the parties involved should

be contacted at an early stage to inform them of the matter and explain the actions being taken (by reference to the school policy). The school should give parent(s)/guardian(s) an opportunity of discussing ways in which they can reinforce or support the actions being taken by the school and the supports provided to the pupils;

- Where the relevant teacher has determined that a pupil has been engaged in bullying behaviour, it should be made clear to him/her how he/she is in breach of the school's anti-bullying policy and efforts should be made to try to get him/her to see the situation from the perspective of the pupil being bullied;
- It must also be made clear to all involved (each set of pupils and parent(s)/guardian(s)) that in any situation where disciplinary sanctions are required, this is a private matter between the pupil being disciplined, his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) and the school;

# Follow up and recording

- In determining whether a bullying case has been adequately and appropriately addressed the relevant teacher must, as part of his/her professional judgement, take the following factors into account:
  - Whether the bullying behaviour has ceased;
  - Whether any issues between the parties have been resolved as far as is practicable;

-Whether the relationships between the parties have been restored as far as is practicable;

-Any feedback received from the parties involved, their parent(s)/guardian(s)s or the school Principal or Deputy Principal

- Follow-up meetings with the relevant parties involved should be arranged separately with a view to possibly bringing them together at a later date if the pupil who has been bullied is ready and agreeable.
- Where a parent(s)/guardian(s) is not satisfied that the school has dealt with a bullying case in accordance with these procedures, the parent(s)/guardian(s) must be referred, as appropriate, to the school's complaints procedures.
- In the event that a parent(s)/guardian(s) has exhausted the school's complaints procedures and is still not satisfied, the school must advise the parent(s)/guardian(s) of their right to make a complaint to the Ombudsman for Children.

# Recording of bullying behaviour

It is imperative that all recording of bullying incidents must be done in an objective and factual manner.

The school's procedures for noting and reporting bullying behaviour are as follows:

# Informal- pre-determination that bullying has occurred

- All staff must keep a written record of any incidents witnessed by them or notified to them. Consideration needs to be given to where the records will be made e.g. incident book. All incidents must be reported to the relevant teacher. Incident Book is kept in the office.
- While all reports, including anonymous reports of bullying must be investigated and dealt with by the relevant teacher, the relevant teacher

must keep a written record of the reports, the actions taken and any discussions with those involved regarding same

- The relevant teacher must inform the principal of all incidents being investigated.
- Templates for recording bullying are kept in Anti Bullying Policy File.

#### Formal Stage 1-determination that bullying has occurred

- If it is established by the relevant teacher that bullying has occurred, the relevant teacher must keep appropriate written records which will assist his/her efforts to resolve the issues and restore, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved.
- All records of bullying will be kept in the office.

# Formal Stage 2-Appendix 3 (From DES Procedures)

The relevant teacher must use the recording template at **Appendix 3** to record the bullying behaviour in the following circumstances:

a) in cases where he/she considers that the bullying behaviour has not been adequately and appropriately addressed within 20 school days after he/she has determined that bullying behaviour occurred; and

b) Where the school has decided as part of its anti-bullying policy that in certain circumstances bullying behaviour must be recorded and reported immediately to the Principal or Deputy Principal as applicable.

The school has a list of behaviours that must be recorded and reported immediately to the principal. These are in line with the school's code of behaviour.

When the recording template is used, it must be retained by the relevant teacher in question and a copy maintained by the principal. A dedicated recording file is kept in the office. All teachers and staff have access to this file for recording purposes. These records are kept in the Principal's office. When Child leaves the school records are then removed from active file to a secure place in the attic. They will be retained until child is 18. Decisions around record keeping should be noted in this policy.

#### Established intervention strategies

- Teacher interviews with all pupils
- Negotiating agreements between pupils and following these up by monitoring progress. This can be on an informal basis or implemented through a more structured mediation process
- Working with parent(s)/guardian(s)s to support school interventions
- No Blame Approach
- Circle Time
- Restorative interviews
- Restorative conferencing

# 7. The school's programme of support for working with pupils affected by bullying is as follows

(see Section 6.8.16 of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools):

- All in-school supports and opportunities will be provided for the pupils affected by bullying to participate in activities designed to raise their self-esteem, to develop friendships and social skills and build resilience e.g.
  - SPHE Walk Tall, Stay Safe, Circle Time, Weaving Wellbeing, Friends For Life.
  - RŚE
  - Incredible Years Programme
- If pupils require counselling of further supports the school will endeavour to liaise with the appropriate agencies to organise same. This may be for the pupil affected by bullying or involved in the bullying behaviour.
- NEPS will be contacted for advice.
- Pupils should understand that there are no innocent bystanders and that all incidents of bullying behaviour must be reported to a teacher.

#### 8. Supervision and Monitoring of Pupils

The Board of Management confirms that appropriate supervision and monitoring policies and

Practices are in place to both prevent and deal with bullying behaviour and to facilitate early intervention where possible.

- The Board of Management is satisfied that children are supervised and monitored at all times.
- Teachers have identified the yard and the GAA field as a bullying danger area and must be closely monitored. Particular vigilance is required in these areas. We encourage a culture of telling. Bystanders have an important role.
- There is an Acceptable Use Policy enforced in the school
  - All Internet sessions supervised by a teacher.
  - The school regularly monitor pupils' Internet usage within School time.
  - There is a mobile phone policy in operation in the school. No children are allowed to have mobile phones or their own personal iPads in school.

#### 9. Prevention of Harassment

The Board of Management confirms that the school will, in accordance with its obligations under equality legislation, take all such steps that are reasonably practicable to prevent the sexual harassment of pupils or staff or the harassment of pupils or staff on any of the nine grounds specified i.e. gender including transgender, civil status, family status, sexual orientation, religion, age, disability, race and membership of the Traveller community.

#### 10. This policy was adopted by the Board of Management on \_28-09-2022

11. This policy has been made available to school personnel, published on the school website (or where none exists, is otherwise readily accessible to parents and pupils on request) and provided to the Parents' Association (where one exists). A copy of this policy will be made available to the Department and the patron if requested.

12. This policy and its implementation will be reviewed by the Board of Management once in every school year. Written notification that the review has been completed will be made available to school personnel, published on the school website, be otherwise readily accessible to parents and pupils on request) and provided to the Parents' Association. A record of the review and its outcome will be made available, if requested, to the patron and the Department.

Signed:

Pat Hennessy Chairperson of Board of Management

Signed:

Michelle O'Brien Principal Date:

Date of next review: Sept 2024